

# The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.  
WEDNESDAY, June 24, 1896.

## REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET

President, WILLIAM MCKINLEY, of Ohio.  
Vice President, GARRETT A. HOBART, of New Jersey.

## REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Congressmen-at-Large.  
GALVANIA A. GROW, of Somerset, Newark, N. J., of Ohio.  
Elected at Large.  
Joseph Wharton, Philadelphia, Alexander E. Patton, Concord, N. H., of New Jersey, William W. Whitely, Allegheny, Pa., of Pennsylvania.

## Electors at Large.

1. Dr. J. S. P. 10. Henry C. Provost.  
2. Frank B. Howley. 11. Fred. H. Easton.  
3. Leonard J. Meyers. 12. R. H. Shindler.  
4. Wm. M. Taggart. 13. Wm. S. Searles.  
5. John H. Hoidal. 14. Wm. S. Searles.  
6. Wm. S. Searles. 15. Wm. S. Searles.  
7. Henry J. Johnson. 16. Wm. S. Searles.  
8. John F. Johnson. 17. Wm. S. Searles.  
9. Wm. S. Searles. 18. Wm. S. Searles.

## CONGRESSMEN.

Subject to decision of District Conference Assembly.

Wm. H. MILLER, of Cumberland Twp.  
W. H. SASSER, of Somerset Twp.  
Geo. J. BLACK, of Mercersburg Bor.  
M. H. HARTZELL, of Rockwood Bor.  
H. F. BARRON, of Somerset Bor.  
J. M. COVER, of Jumbo Twp.  
Wm. WYCKERS, of Somerset Twp.  
Geo. F. KIMMEL, of Milford Twp.  
GABRIEL GLOD, of Somerset Twp.  
JAMES W. PEER, of Summit Twp.  
JEREMIAH RHODES, of Somerset Bor.  
B. J. BOYMAN, of Brothersvalley Twp.

The party that successfully solved the slavery question will easily solve the money question.

Even the most chronic and persistent knicker can not find anything to growl over in the proceedings of the Republican National Convention.

The sentence with which Governor Hastings closed forth the greatest epigram in the history of the world: "Nominations are made, and he will elect himself."

The Republican party not only wants American workmen to have the highest wages in the world, but it also wants their wages paid in the best money in the world.

Other Democratic friends send to their friends a candidate for the Presidency, Ex-Secretary of the Navy William C. Whitney, around whom the hard-money Democrats have rallied, on Monday declared that he would not run if nominated, and would not serve if elected. Mr. Whitney, it is claimed, will tilt the convention in case a free-silver candidate is nominated.

The free silver movement must be squarely met, the Baltimore Sun, Dem., says, even though the party lines have to be broken to do it. If the Chicago nominee and platform, taken together, do not give the country as full an assurance on this point as St. Louis has done, we believe the commercial and business interests will rise in revolt against the free silver party lines in December, and in that event, Republican success next November will at once become assured.

A DISPATCH from Cumberland, Md., is authority for the statement that the people of that city are apprehensive of being swallowed up by a flood. They base their apprehensions on the fact that rats are leaping the cellars in droves, and are fleeing to the mountain. It is claimed that these rodents are posted in such matters, and are taking time by the forelock in order to get out of the wet. Marching rats appear to be as suspicious as Maryland Democrats.

The nomination of Major McKinley is especially gratifying to the people of Somerset, a large number of whom enjoy a personal acquaintance with the distinguished Republican leader. Although there has been no public demonstration in honor of his victory, yet it is safe to say that nowhere in this broad land was the news of his nomination received with greater satisfaction. Somerset county will give Major McKinley the largest majority ever given a Republican candidate.

At a meeting of the New Republican National Committee, held in St. Louis, Friday morning, Hon. M. A. Hanna, of Ohio, was unanimously elected chairman. His selection is a just compliment to the man whose energy and political sagacity were so successfully employed in McKinley's preliminary campaign. Mr. Hanna modestly declines any credit for the success of his candidate before the convention, but the Republican party feels that the campaign will be conducted by a master hand. No mistakes will be made.

ASLANDER'S article reflecting upon the character and business enterprise of the people of Somerset, ostensibly written by a resident of this place, was recently published in the Johnstown "Daily Democrat," and subsequently in the Connellsville "Courier" and the Mercersburg "Commercial." In regard to the Collegiate Institute, the people of Somerset did more than they were asked to do, but refused to be lamed; and as far as the summer hotel is concerned, the people of this place were not asked to subscribe to it. Pittsburg capital projected the hotel enterprise, and it will likely see it through to a successful conclusion. The enterprise of the residents of this town, and the energy and success of our business men are the subjects of remark from all visitors, and it is entirely unbecoming in any citizen to attempt to give the town a "black eye."

# IT'S MCKINLEY

## Protection and a Gold Standard are the Watchwords of the Campaign.

### RECIPROcity MUST BE RESUMED.

### The Silver Delegates Retire From the Convention But Alternate Take Their Places—A Straight-out Platform.

### The Vote on President.

Following is the official detailed vote for President in the St. Louis Convention.

States	McK.	Hobart	Mon.	Quay	Reed	All.
Alabama	17	1	1	2	1	1
Arizona	1	1	1	1	1	1
California	17	1	1	2	1	1
Colorado	17	1	1	2	1	1
Connecticut	17	1	1	2	1	1
Florida	17	1	1	2	1	1
Georgia	17	1	1	2	1	1
Idaho	17	1	1	2	1	1
Illinois	17	1	1	2	1	1
Indiana	17	1	1	2	1	1
Iowa	17	1	1	2	1	1
Kansas	17	1	1	2	1	1
Kentucky	17	1	1	2	1	1
Louisiana	17	1	1	2	1	1
Maine	17	1	1	2	1	1
Massachusetts	17	1	1	2	1	1
Michigan	17	1	1	2	1	1
Minnesota	17	1	1	2	1	1
Missouri	17	1	1	2	1	1
Montana	17	1	1	2	1	1
Nebraska	17	1	1	2	1	1
Nevada	17	1	1	2	1	1
New Hampshire	17	1	1	2	1	1
New Jersey	17	1	1	2	1	1
New York	17	1	1	2	1	1
North Carolina	17	1	1	2	1	1
North Dakota	17	1	1	2	1	1
Ohio	17	1	1	2	1	1
Oregon	17	1	1	2	1	1
Rhode Island	17	1	1	2	1	1
South Carolina	17	1	1	2	1	1
Tennessee	17	1	1	2	1	1
Texas	17	1	1	2	1	1
Vermont	17	1	1	2	1	1
Virginia	17	1	1	2	1	1
Washington	17	1	1	2	1	1
West Virginia	17	1	1	2	1	1
Wisconsin	17	1	1	2	1	1
Wyoming	17	1	1	2	1	1
Total	601	56	61	80	80	80

One vote for Senator Cameron.

Total number of delegates present, 966.

The eleventh Republican national convention convened in the hall prepared for the purpose in the St. Louis Convention, on Tuesday, June 16, and was called to order by Chairman Carter.

Prayer was offered by Rabbi Sale, of St. Louis, after which the Rev. W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, was chosen temporary chairman.

After the delivery of a brief address the several committees were announced, and the convention adjourned until Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

The Pennsylvania members of the committee of the convention are as follows: Rules and order of business, Congressman H. J. Sasser, of Allegheny; Credentials, Senator W. H. Andrews, of Crawford; organization, Charles H. Mullin, of Cumberland; resolutions, ex-Congressman Smedley Darlington, of Chester.

The Pennsylvania delegation at a caucus decided to cast 38 votes for Senator Quay for President and 6 for Major McKinley. The caucus was held at the residence of the chairman, and after the roll call of delegates and alternates by Secretary Box he suggested Governor Hastings as chairman of the delegation.

Congressman Stone then offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Pennsylvania delegation approves of the following financial plank, and recommends its incorporation in the Republican national platform.

"We favor the maintenance of the existing gold standard and are opposed to the free coinage of silver, except by international agreement for bimetalism and the leading commercial nations of the world."

There was no debate. The delegates seemed to be of one mind on this subject and the resolution offered by Mr. Stone was unanimously adopted.

Secretary of the Commonwealth Gen. Frank Reeder moved to go into an election for a member of the national committee for the next four years, and immediately nominated Senator Quay. If there was any opposition to Senator Quay it did not show itself, and his election was unanimous.

The real interest of the first session was centered in the proposal of the convention. On the platform ranged behind the chairman sat his colleagues on the National committee, a notable group of states party generals. In his front the delegates, the chosen leaders in their parties and communities. Most prominent immediately behind the stand was the big four of Ohio, Hanna, the Kingmaker; theashing Franker, Governor Wallace, and General Warner Miller, the leaders of the Pennsylvania delegation. Directly in their rear were the Indiana delegates clustering about General Lee Wallace, whose name is famed in politics.

Literature and war, while to the right were the Pennsylvania delegates headed by the "majestic" Hastings and the silent, spin-like Quay, the conqueror of so many hard fought political battles. In the next tier of seats were the New York contingent, with Platt, the old associate of the Imperial Conkling, at the head of the dominant faction, and the suave Depece and Warner Miller, the leaders of the moderate Massachusetts delegation with Senator Lodge in command, was just beyond, while to the right of the stand sat Senator Teller, around whom the national silver fight, Senator Stone throughout the pit were others no less renowned in the councils of the party. Governor Bradley, of Kentucky, who seconded Frank's nomination in 1894, and who, like Senator Wallingford, of Maryland, who sat opposite, succeeded last fall in wresting his place from Democratic General "Dave" Henderson, the brilliant Iowa orator, and his colleagues, Senator Gear and Colonel Hepburn, who took charge of the Allison boom; ex-Governor Merriam, of Minnesota, the champion of gold; the venerable white-haired Dick Thompson, of Indiana, who has figured so conspicuously in the history of his party, now 87 years old, but seemingly with many years of life and vigor yet before him; General Walker, of Virginia, who was nominating the "warrior" Jackson's command; Powell Clayton, the old Republican warhorse of Arkansas; the genial Hobart, of New Jersey, and Evans, of Tennessee, both aspirants for the vice presidential nomination; William Pitt Kellogg, of Louisiana, who was Governor of his state in the wild days of the Hayes-Tilden Returning Board; General Russell A. Alger, of Michigan, who was aspirant for the vice-presidential nomination in the bitter struggle of 1888; Kerns, Patterson, Tanner, Buckley and a host of others.

There was a magnificent body of men, but many of the notable figures of the past were sadly missed. Conkling, Frye and Hale, Cameron, picturesque "Bully" Mahone, Ingersoll, Harlan, Plumb, Garfield, were not there. Ex-Senator Ingalls was in the pit, but the platform reserved for the newspaper men reporting the convention along with several old journalists as "Field Marshal" Halstead, Joe Howard and others, as well as the younger generation.

THE MORNING SESSION.

The early morning hours of the second day of the convention were cloudy and drizzling, and threatened a disagreeable rainy day; but just before 10 o'clock the clouds dispersed. When Mr. Fairbanks called the convention to order the house was crowded and the galleries well filled.

The convention was called to order at 10:45 and prayer was offered by Rev. W. G. Williams, of the M. E. church. At the close of the prayer the chairman recognized Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, who stated that the committee on platform was not ready to report, and asked

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# NO SOONER HAD GOVERNOR HASTINGS

## CONCLUDED THE PENNSYLVANIA DELEGATES

### WERE ON THEIR CHAIRS HOWLING FEROCIOUSLY

### AT HIS DEPARTURE AND WAVING FLAGS. THE OTHER DELEGATES ONLY CHEERED. THE KEYSTONE STATESMEN MANAGED TO KEEP UP A REMARKABLE RACKET; THEY KEPT YELLING "QUAY! QUAY!" UNTIL THE SPEAKER

### COULD BE HEARD, AND AFTER THEY HAD HELD THE FLOOR FOR FIVE MINUTES, AND WERE ABOUT TO SUBSIDE THE BAND CAME TO THE RESCUE AND HELPED THEM GET THEIR SECOND WIND.

As the progress of the ballot when the vote of Ohio was reached it was seen that McKinley had the requisite number of votes to nominate him. The convention was adjourned for the night.

### THE VOTE FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Following is the result of the first and only ballot for vice president.

Name	Votes
Hobart	385
Monroe	30
Bulkeley	30
Walker	2
Reed	2
Thurston	2
Depece	2
Morton	2
Abert	1
Albion	1

Garrett A. Hobart, of New Jersey, received a majority of all the votes cast, and was declared the nominee for vice president, and his nomination was made unanimous.

The members of the committee to wait on the nominees for president, and vice president, the convention adjourned at 7:30 p. m.

### PLATFORM.

The Republicans of the United States, assembled by their representatives in the National Convention, appealing for the popular and historical justification of their claims to the matchless achievements of thirty years of Republican rule, earnestly and confidently address themselves to the unshaken intelligence, experience, and conscience of their countrymen in the following declaration of facts and principles:

For the first time since the Civil War the protection of our citizens and the uncalculated consequences of full and unrestricted Democratic control of the Government. It has been a record of unparalleled closed factories and reduced industry and trade with prolonged depression; increased taxation; increased labor and wages; halted enterprise, and crippled American production, while stimulating foreign production for the American market. Every consideration of American interests demands that the Government shall be rescued from the hands of those who have shown themselves incapable to conduct it without disaster at home and abroad.

The party which for thirty years administered it with unequalled success and prosperity. And in this connection we heartily endorse the wisdom, patriotism, and courage of the Administration of President Harrison.

### TARIFF.

We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of Protection as the bulwark of American industry, independence and the standard of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods and secures the most profitable market for the American producer; it upholds the American standard of wages for the American workman; it puts the farmer on the side of the farm, and makes for the American farmer the best dependence on foreign demand and price; it diffuses general thrift, and founds the strength of all on the strength of each. In its respective application, it is just, fair, and patriotic. It is a practical question, to be governed by the conditions of the time and of production, the ruling and uncompromising principle is the Protection and development of American labor and industry. The country demands a right settlement, and then it wants rest.

### RECIPROcity.

We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last Republican Administration was a national calamity, and we demand their renewal and extension on such terms as will equalize our trade with other nations, and secure the highest price for the sale of American products in the ports of other countries, and secure enlarged markets for the products of our farms, forests, and factories.

Protection and Reciprocity are twin measures of Republican policy and go hand in hand. Democratic rule has recklessly struck down both and both must be re-established.

Protection for what? Protection for the protection of the necessities of life, which we do not produce; reciprocal agreements of mutual interests which build up domestic industry and trade, and secure our own market for ourselves; Reciprocity builds up foreign trade and finds an outlet for our surplus.

### UNEMPLOYMENT.

We condemn the present Administration for not keeping faith with the sugar producers of this country. The Republican party favors such protection as will lead to the production, on American soil, of all the sugar which the American people use, and for which they pay other countries more than \$100,000,000 annually.

### Wool AND WOOLLENS.

To all our products—to those of the mine and the field, as well as those of the shop and the factory, to hemp, to wool, the product of the great industry of sheep husbandry, as well as to the finished wools of the mill—we promise the most liberal and protective tariff.

### REPUBLICAN MARINE.

We favor restoring the early American policy of discriminating duties for the upbuilding of our merchant marine and the protection of our shipping in the foreign carrying trade, so that American ships—the product of American labor, employed in American shippers, sailing under the Stars and Stripes, and manned by patriotic Americans—may regain the carrying of our foreign commerce.

### MONEY.

The Republican party is undoubtedly for sound money. It caused the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1875; since then every dollar is as good as gold.

We are opposed to every measure calculated to restrict the currency or impair the credit of our country. We are therefore opposed to the Free Coinage of Silver, except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world which we pledge ourselves to promote; and until such agreement can be obtained, the existing Gold Standard must be preserved. All our other paper currency must be maintained at a parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolably the obligations of the United States and all our money, whether coin or paper, at the present standard—the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

### FOREIGN RELATIONS.